

Why dependent types matter

Thorsten Altenkirch

School of Computer Science
University of Nottingham

February 25, 2008

What are dependent types?

- Data and programs may occur within types.
- Type checking requires to carry out symbolic computations.
- *Full blown dependent types*: Full language can be used within types.
- *Phase sensitive languages*: Type level language different from object level language.
- See Conor's famous slides on DTP and social order.
<http://strictlypositive.org/a-case/>

Question

Does this cover everything we want to call DTP?
Or is it maybe too liberal?

Dependently typed programs

- Vectors instead of lists
- Decidable instead of Bool
- Tagless interpreter and type checker
- Structural recursive unification
- Verified sort
- Generic programming with universes

Question

What is your favorite DTP pearl?

Dependently typed languages

LF inspired

- DML** ML indexed by natural numbers.
- ATS** extending and generalizing DML
- Delfin** uses HOAS

FP inspired

- Haskell** Multiparameter type classes, GADTs
- Ω mega** Rationalizing use of GADTs

TT inspired

- CIC** Coq's language
- Epigram** influenced by LEGO, inspired by ALF
- Agda** inspired by ALF and Cayenne
- Cayenne** influenced by ALF, based on LML.

Question

Is this an accurate picture? What is missing?

Hindley-Milner alignments

Data : Types

Explicit : Implicit

Runtime : Compiletime

Partial : Total

Question

Does this alignment work for DTP?

If not, what are the alternatives?

Partial vs total

- Partiality at the type level \implies type checking undecidable.
- Does this matter?
- Partiality forces us to run proofs at runtime.
- This does matter!
- Model partiality as an effect?
- Phase-sensitive or full-blown + phase polymorphism?
c.f. Edwin Brady's PhD.

Design alternatives

- Phase-sensitive: partial runtime, total compile time
- Partial core + termination checker
- Total core

Dependent pattern matching

- Different programs typable in different branches!
- Inductive families or recursive only?
- Instantiation of indices.
- Impossible branches.
- Equational inference, automatic or explicit?
- Pattern matching as primitive?

Question

Which are the viable alternatives in this design space?

Elaboration

- Implicit parameters, not just types.
- Hidden proofs, automatisisation of reasoning?
- User extensible elaboration, library + type inference?

Question

What are the design principles here?

Reusability?

- More precise types \implies less reusability?
- Conversion is too intensional.
- Cannot substitute Peano numbers by binary numbers?
- Loss of modularity!!

Question

How can we have the DTP cake and eat (reuse) it?

Dependent types and the real world

- EffTT workshop in Tallinn in December
- Use Monads (like Haskell) ?
- IO should not be opaque.
- *Hoare Type Theory* by Greg Morrisett and Aleksandar Nanevsky.
- Functional specifications of IO (Wouter Swierstra and myself)

Question

What is the best way to integrate effects into DTP?

Killer Apps?

- Proof carrying code
- Program correctness, pay as you go
- Domain specific libraries with rich type disciplines.

Question

Other proposals for killer apps?
Can DTP affect the software industry?