G52MAL Machines and Their Languages Lecture 4

Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

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Formally, a *Nondeterministic Finite Automaton* or *NFA* is defined by a 5-tuple

$$(Q, \Sigma, \delta, S, F)$$

where

Q

 \sum

 $\delta \in Q \times \Sigma \to \mathcal{P}(Q)$

 $S \subseteq Q$

 $F \subseteq Q$

: Finite set of States

: Alphabet (finite set of symbols)

: Transition Function

: Initial States

: Accepting (or Final) States

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- However, nothing ambiguous about the *language* defined by an NFA! *Not* the case that some word $w \in L(A)$ sometimes, and $w \notin L(A)$ other times for some NFA A.
- How? By considering all possible states simultaneously.

Recap: Extended Transition Function

For an NFA, The *Extended Transition Function* is defined on a **set** of states and a **word** (string of symbols).

For a NFA $A = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, S, F)$, the extended transition function is defined by:

$$\hat{\delta} \in \mathcal{P}(Q) \times \Sigma^* \to \mathcal{P}(Q)$$

$$\hat{\delta}(P, \epsilon) = P$$

$$\hat{\delta}(P, xw) = \hat{\delta}(\bigcup \{\delta(q, x) \mid q \in P\}, w)$$

where $P \in \mathcal{P}(Q)$ (or $P \subseteq Q$), $x \in \Sigma$, $w \in \Sigma^*$.

Recap: Language of an NFA

The *language* L(A) defined by an NFA A is the set or words *accepted* by the NFA. For an NFA

$$A = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, S, F)$$

the language is defined by

$$L(A) = \{ w \in \Sigma^* \mid \hat{\delta}(S, w) \cap F \neq \emptyset \}$$

Observations:

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- Each set is a subset of Q, so the set of possible states is (at most) $\mathcal{P}(Q)$.
- But Q is finite. Thus $\mathcal{P}(Q)$ is **finite** too!
- There may be **lots** of states as $|\mathcal{P}(Q)| = 2^{|Q|}$. But the number of states is finite!

We can thus convert an NFA into a DFA by considering each possible set of NFA states as a single DFA state!

Given an NFA A:

$$A = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, S, F)$$

we construct the equivalent DFA D(A) as:

$$D(A) = (\mathcal{P}(Q), \Sigma, \delta_{D(A)}, S, F_{D(A)})$$

where

$$\delta_{D(A)}(P,x) = \bigcup \{\delta(q,x) \mid q \in P\}$$

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(Cf. def. $\hat{\delta}$ and language for NFA!)