

SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

G51CSA

Third (last) Homework

Deadline: Friday, 6th December 2002. Before 10:00 class, LT2

- 1. Consider a machine with a byte addressable main memory of 2^{16} bytes and block size of 8 bytes. Assume that a direct mapped cache consisting of 32 lines is used with this machine.
 - (a) How many total bytes of memory can be stored in cache?
 - (b) How is a 16-bit memory address divided into tag, line number, and byte number?
 - (c) Into which line would bytes with each of the following addresses be stored?

0001 0001 0001 1011 1100 0011 0011 0100 1101 0000 0001 1101 1010 1010 1010 1010

- (d) Suppose the byte with address 0001 1010 0001 1010 is stored in the cache. What are the addresses of the other bytes stored along with it?
- 2. A disk has as specification as: 512 byte/sector, 96 sector/track, 110 track/surface, 8 usable surfaces, and rotation speed 360 rpm. A processor reads one sector from the disk use interrupt driven I/O, with one interrupt per byte. If it take 2.5 **m** to process each interrupt, what percentage of time will the processor handling I/O (disregard seek time and latency time).
- 3. The following sequence of virtual page number is encountered in the course of execution on a computer with virtual memory:

3, 4, 2, 6, 7, 1, 3, 2, 6, 3, 5, 1, 2, 3

Assume that least recently used (LRU) page replacement policy is adopted. Plot a graph of page hit rate (fraction of page references in which the page is in main memory) as a function of main memory page capacity n for $1 \le n \le 8$. Assume that main memory is initially empty.