

# **Kleene Algebra**

## **”Arithmetic” Operators**

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# Outline

- Algebra of choice ( $+$ ) , sequencing ( $\cdot$ ) and iteration ( $*$ )
- Name “Kleene algebra” is a tribute to S. C. Kleene
- “Algebra of regular events”
- Lots of other interpretations.
- First example of “fixed points” and “fixed point induction”.

# “Arithmetic” Axioms

$$(x+y)+z = x+(y+z) \text{ ,}$$

$$x+y = y+x \text{ ,}$$

$$x+0 = x = 0+x \text{ ,}$$

$$x \cdot (y \cdot z) = (x \cdot y) \cdot z \text{ ,}$$

$$x \cdot (y+z) = (x \cdot y) + (x \cdot z) \text{ ,}$$

$$(y+z) \cdot x = (y \cdot x) + (z \cdot x) \text{ ,}$$

$$x \cdot 0 = 0 = 0 \cdot x \text{ ,}$$

$$1 \cdot x = x = x \cdot 1 \text{ .}$$

Overloading of “+” and “.” is intended to suggest an analogy with arithmetic. But, be careful!!

# Axioms — Ordering

*Idempotency*

$$x+x = x$$

*Ordering*

$$x \leq y \equiv x+y = y \ .$$

# Informal Coursework

Suppose  $\mathbf{R}$  is a binary relation and  $\oplus$  is a binary operator such that

$$x \mathbf{R} y \equiv x \oplus y = y .$$

Prove the following:

$\mathbf{R}$  is reflexive  $\equiv \oplus$  is idempotent ,

$\mathbf{R}$  is transitive  $\equiv \oplus$  is associative .

$\mathbf{R}$  is antisymmetric  $\Leftarrow \oplus$  is symmetric .

## Informal Coursework (Continued)

Show that multiplication and addition in a Kleene algebra are both monotonic.

# Interpretations

	carrier	+	·	0	1	$\leq$
Languages	sets of words	$\cup$	$\cdot$	$\emptyset$	$\{\varepsilon\}$	$\subseteq$
Programming	binary relations	$\cup$	$\circ$	$\emptyset$	id	$\subseteq$
Reachability	booleans	$\vee$	$\wedge$	false	true	$\Rightarrow$
Shortest paths	nonnegative reals	min	+	$\infty$	0	$\geq$
Bottlenecks	nonnegative reals	max	min	0	$\infty$	$\leq$