# Types and Layered Logics for Program Verification

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### **Outline**

- 1 Program Logics: From Strongest to Specialised Assertions
- Soundness of Specialised Assertions
- Help !!! To Prove Soundness

# **Strongest Assertions**

Uustalu, Saabas – "Compositional Type Systems for Stack-Based Low-Level Languages".
The low-level language with an operand stack

- Val bool, int.
- a state:
  - labels, ℓ (in a program counter pc)
  - an operand stack os: List(Val)
  - a storage st: Var → Val

#### Strongest assertions mirror operational semantics

```
\{pc = \ell \land os = n :: \zeta \land st = \sigma\}
\mathbf{store} \ x
\{pc = \ell + 1 \land os = \zeta \land st = \sigma[x := n]\}
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# Specialised (Abstracted) Assertions

#### Specify the property we are interested in.

#### Abstract from irrelevant details.

For instance: the special property of interest: stack error freedom.

The abstraction and its meaning:

- abstr(3) = int, meaning of the abstraction (|int|) = {int},
- $abstr(3 :: \zeta) = int :: abstr(\zeta),$
- $abstr(\zeta) = \star$ , meaning  $(|\star|) = \{int, bool\}^{\star}$ .

#### **Specialised Assertion**

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## What is Soundness

#### What is soundness

 $\{A\}$  c  $\{B\}$  is sound iff it is provable from the logic of the strongest specifications together with the rule of consequence

$$\frac{\{\tilde{A}\}\ c\ \{B\}\qquad (A\longrightarrow B)\longrightarrow (\tilde{A}'\longrightarrow B')}{\{A'\}\ c\ \{B'\}}$$

Yet another definition – via abstract operational semantics?

If typing appears from abstract interpretation -

- {(| abstrA |)} c {(| abstrB |)}
- the *preservation of evaluation* principle:

$$(\ell, \zeta, \sigma), c \leadsto (\ell', \zeta', \sigma') \text{ implies}$$
  
 $(\ell, abstr(\zeta), ), c \leadsto (\ell', abstr(\zeta'), ).$ 



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# A "consequence" may be difficult to prove

#### An expression free subgoal

Consequence: 
$$\frac{\{A\}\ c\ \{B\}\qquad (A\longrightarrow B)\longrightarrow (A'\longrightarrow B')}{\{A'\}\ c\ \{B'\}}$$
 The subgoal  $(A\longrightarrow B)\longrightarrow (A'\longrightarrow B')$  may be difficult to prove.

#### The case of composition

$$\{A_1\}$$
  $c_1$   $\{B_1\}$   $\{A_2\}$   $c_2$   $\{B_2\}$   $A \longrightarrow A_1$  OK
$$B_1 \longrightarrow A_2 \quad \text{may be too strong}$$

$$B_2 \longrightarrow B \quad \text{may be too strong}$$

$$\{A\}$$
  $c_1$ ;  $c_2$   $\{B\}$ 

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#### An expression free subgoal

Consequence: 
$$\frac{\{A\} \ c \ \{B\} \qquad (A \longrightarrow B) \longrightarrow (A' \longrightarrow B')}{\{A'\} \ c \ \{B'\}}$$

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#### The case of composition

$$\{A_1\}$$
  $c_1$   $\{B_1\}$   $\{A_2\}$   $c_2$   $\{B_2\}$   $A \longrightarrow A_1$  OK  $B_1 \longrightarrow A_2$  may be too strong  $B_2 \longrightarrow B$  may be too strong  $\{A\}$   $\{C_1\}$   $\{C_2\}$   $\{B\}$ 

# Modularised Subgoal

$$\begin{cases}
A_1 \} c_1 \{B_1\} & \{A_2\} c_2 \{B_2\} \\
A \longrightarrow A_1 & \\
A \longrightarrow A_1 \longrightarrow B_1 \longrightarrow A_2 \\
A \longrightarrow A_1 \longrightarrow B_1 \longrightarrow A_2 \longrightarrow B_2 \longrightarrow B
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
A \} c_1; c_2 \{B\}
\end{cases}$$

It is sound!

## Parametric Specialised Assertions

In fact,

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\{?A_1\} c_1 \{?B_1\} & \{?A_2\} c_2 \{?B_2\} \\
?A \longrightarrow ?A_1 \\
?A \longrightarrow ?A_1 \longrightarrow ?B_1 \longrightarrow ?A_2 \\
?A \longrightarrow ?A_1 \longrightarrow ?B_1 \longrightarrow ?A_2 \longrightarrow ?B_2 \longrightarrow ?B
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\{?A\} c_1; c_2 \{?B\} \end{array}$$

is sound!

That is we have a "template lemma", where parameters may be instantiated by arbitrary assertions ...

## Summary

- The proof-of-the-concept template specialised logic have been designed.
- It helps in soundness proving for type systems.
- Future work
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  - How do the preservation of evaluation for an abstract operational semantics and \*this\* soundness interplay?

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